SAFETY DATA SHEET

WL09310

Section 1. Identification

Product name

: WHITE LIGHTNING® Silicone Rubber All Purpose Sealant (RTV Formula)

Product code

: WL09310

Other means of

: Not available.

identification

Product type

: Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Not applicable.

Manufacturer

: THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS CO.

Consumer Group - Industrial

Cleveland, OH 44115

Emergency telephone

number of the company

: (216) 566-2917

Product Information

: (800) 241-5295

Telephone Number

Regulatory Information

: (216) 566-2902

Telephone Number

Transportation Emergency

: (800) 424-9300

Telephone Number

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture : CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 82.7%

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word

Warning

Hazard statements

Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of causing cancer.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statements

General

: Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Do not breathe vapor.

Response

Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical

attention.

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 3/13/2015.

Date of previous issue

: No previous validation.

Version : 1

Section 2. Hazards identification

Storage

: Store locked up.

Disposal

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and

international regulations.

Supplemental label

elements

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause

cancer, FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY.

Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Do not transfer contents to other

containers for storage.

Hazards not otherwise

classified

: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Other means of

: Not available.

identification

CAS number/other identifiers

| Ingredient name | % by weight | CAS number |
|------------------------------|-------------|------------|
| Middle Petroleum Distillates | 5.0 | 64742-46-7 |
| Acetic Acid | 2.9 | 64-19-7 |
| Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane | 0.5 | 556-67-2 |
| Titanium Dioxide | 0.2 | 13463-67-7 |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Section 4. First aid measures

Eve contact

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact

: No specific data.

Inhalation

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments

: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may

be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: None known.

Specific hazards arising

from the chemical

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions

for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing

apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits |
|--|---|
| Acetic Acid | ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). |
| 18011071012 | TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. |
| | TWA: 25 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| | STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | STEL: 37 mg/m³ 15 minutes. |
| | NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). |
| | TWA: 10 ppm 10 hours. |
| | TWA: 25 mg/m³ 10 hours. |
| | STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | STEL: 37 mg/m³ 15 minutes. |
| | OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). |
| | TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. |
| • | TWA: 25 mg/m³ 8 hours. |
| Titanium Dioxide | ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). |
| The state of the s | TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. |
| | OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). |
| • | TWA: 15 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust |

Appropriate engineering controls

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Respiratory protection

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state

: Liquid.

Color Odor

: Not available. Not available.

Odor threshold

: Not available.

pН

: Not available. : Not available.

Melting point **Boiling point**

: 244°C (471.2°F)

Flash point

: Closed cup: >93.3°C (>199.9°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]

Evaporation rate

: 0.97 (butyl acetate = 1)

Flammability (solid, gas) Lower and upper explosive

: Not available. : Lower: 5.4%

(flammable) limits

Upper: 19.3%

Vapor pressure

: 0.13 kPa (1 mm Hg) [at 20°C]

Vapor density

: 2.07 [Air = 1]

Relative density

: 1.06

Solubility

: Not available.

Partition coefficient: n-

: Not available.

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature

Not available.

Decomposition temperature Viscosity

: Not available. : Kinematic (room temperature): >0.07 cm²/s (>7 cSt)

Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >0.07 cm²/s (>7 cSt)

Aerosol product

Heat of combustion

: 5.12 kJ/g

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability

: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

: No specific data.

Incompatible materials

: No specific data.

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|------------------------------|-----------------------|---------|-------------------------|----------|
| Acetic Acid | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 11000 mg/m ³ | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 1060 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 3310 mg/kg | - |
| Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 36 g/m³ | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rat | 1770 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 1540 mg/kg | - |

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|------------------------------|------------------------|---------|-------|--|-------------|
| Acetic Acid | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 0.5 minutes 5 milligrams | _ |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Human | - | 24 hours 50 milligrams | - |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 50 milligrams | - |
| | Skin - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - , | 525 milligrams | - |
| Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane | Eyes - Mild irritant: | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 milligrams | _ |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 milligrams | - |
| Titanium Dioxide | Skin - Mild irritant | Human | - | 72 hours 300 Micrograms Intermittent | - |

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

| Product/ingredient name | OSHA | IARC | NTP |
|-------------------------|------|------|-----|
| Titanium Dioxide | - | 2B | - |

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|------------------------------|------------|-------------------|---|
| Middle Petroleum Distillates | Category 3 | 1 | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Section 11. Toxicological information

| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|------------------------------|------------|-------------------|----------------|
| Middle Petroleum Distillates | Category 2 | Not determined | Not determined |

Aspiration hazard

| Name | Result |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Middle Petroleum Distillates | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

Information on the likely

: Not available.

routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards. : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact

: No specific data.

Inhalation

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion

Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects

: Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects

: Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General

: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Carcinogenicity

: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of

exposure.

Mutagenicity Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects

: Suspected of damaging fertility.

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 3/13/2015.

Date of previous issue

: No previous validation.

Version :1

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

| Route | ATE value |
|---------------------|----------------------------|
| Oral Dermal | 6718 mg/kg 6323.5 mg/kg |
| Inhalation (vapors) | 65.62 mg/l |

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|------------------------------|--|---|--|
| Acetic Acid | Acute EC50 73400 µg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 65000 µg/l Fresh water | Algae - Navicula seminulum Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate | 96 hours 48 hours |
| Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane | Acute LC50 50.1 ul/L Marine water Acute LC50 75000 µg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1.7 to 15 µg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 4.4 µg/l Fresh water | Crustaceans - Artemia sp. Fish - Lepomis macrochirus Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Egg | 48 hours 96 hours 21 days 93 days |
| Titanium Dioxide | Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine water | Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus | 96 hours |

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|------------------------------|--------|-------|-----------|
| Acetic Acid | - | 3.16 | low |
| Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane | - | 13400 | high |
| Titanium Dioxide | - | 352 | low |

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

| | DOT Classification | TDG Classification | Mexico Classification | IATA | IMDG |
|-------------------------------|---|---|---|---|--|
| UN number | Not regulated. |
| UN proper shipping name | - | - | - | _ | - |
| Transport hazard class(es) | - | - | - | | - |
| Packing group | - | - | - | | |
| Environmental hazards | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. |
| Additional information | Special provisions Not Applicable | Special provisions Not Applicable | Special provisions Not Applicable | Special provisions Not Applicable | Emergency schedules (EmS) Not Applicable |

Special precautions for user : Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.

Transport in bulk according : Not available.

to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations

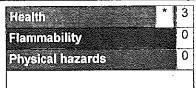
State regulations

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

: No previous validation. Version :1 10/11 Date of issue/Date of revision Date of previous issue : 3/13/2015.